

Trường: Họ và tên: Lớp: 9/ (Bằng chữ: Lớp chín) Số báo danh:/ Phòng thi:	ĐỀ KIỂM TRA CUỐI HỌC KỲ II NĂM HỌC 2025-2026 MÔN : Anh- LỚP 9 Thời gian: 60 phút <i>(Không kể thời gian giao đề)</i>				
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%; padding: 5px;">Mã đề: A</td> <td style="width: 50%; padding: 5px;">Mã phách:</td> </tr> </table>	Mã đề: A	Mã phách:	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%; padding: 5px;">Chữ kí giám thị 1:</td> <td style="width: 50%; padding: 5px;">Chữ kí giám thị 2:</td> </tr> </table>	Chữ kí giám thị 1:	Chữ kí giám thị 2:
Mã đề: A	Mã phách:				
Chữ kí giám thị 1:	Chữ kí giám thị 2:				



Mã đề: A	Chữ kí giám khảo 1:	Chữ kí giám khảo 2:	Điểm:	Số thứ tự:	Mã phách:
			Tổng:		

I. LANGUAGE COMPONENT: (2.8 pt)

- Choose the word A, B, C, or D that has a different stress pattern

1. A. national B. monument C. translation D. charity
2. A. sensitivity B. ability C. sensibility D. destructivity

- Choose the letter (A, B, C, or D) to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in the following question.

3. Let's come and lend a hand to preserve the natural environment.

- A. spoil B. ruin C. destroy D. maintain

- Choose the letter (A, B, C, or D) to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in the following question.

4. Climate change may threaten many species of animals in the future.

- A. endanger B. harm C. effect D. protect

- Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentence.

5. The _____ includes the Sun and all the planets that move around it.

- A. solar system B. atmosphere C. universe D. sunlight

6. Paris is a popular tourist _____ that attracts millions of visitors every year.

- A. weather B. destination C. climate D. season

7. When I was in France, I _____ some French words.

- A. held up B. copied up C. picked up D. got up

8. That's the woman _____ husband works as our company's interpreter.

- A. who B. which C. whose D. where

9. Tony's brother asked Lisa if she _____ his party the following week.

- A. would attend B. will attend C. attends D. attended

10. The restaurant _____ we dined at yesterday had a menu full of delicious local dishes.

- A. whose B. who C. what D. Ø

11. We _____ if she could become a famous doctor in the future.

- A. asked that B. wanted to know C. said D. told

12. The teacher _____ over some mistakes that students made in their essays.

- A. went B. took C. made D. caused

Choose the best response to complete the exchange.

13. - **A:** Hey, I heard you have an exam coming up. " _____ " - **B:** Thanks a lot.

- A. Let's study together later. B. B. Would you like to teach me?
 C. I hope I can pass this. D. Good luck with your studies!

**HỌC SINH KHÔNG ĐƯỢC VIẾT VÀO TRANG NÀY,
VÌ ĐÂY LÀ PHÁCH SẼ RỘC ĐI MẮT**



- *Choose the best arrangement of the sentences to make a meaningful exchange.*

14. **a. Sarah:** That's not too expensive. I'll book it online tonight.

b. Sarah: Have you found a good hotel for our trip to Da Nang?

c. Sarah: How much is it per night?

d. Tom: Yes, I found a nice beach resort with great reviews.

e. Tom: It's about \$50 for a double room with breakfast included.

A. b - d - c - e - a

B. d - b - c - e - a

C. b - c - d - e - a

D. a - b - d - c - e

II. READING: (2,0 pts)

- *Read the text and choose the letter (A, B, C or D) to indicate the option that best fits each gap.*

Some people find it really difficult to learn English, and here are some of the reasons.

Firstly, English has one of the biggest vocabularies (15)_____ all languages. Therefore, it is very (16)_____ for English learners to remember all the words and phrases as well as use them correctly in different contexts.

Secondly, English grammar is complex. For example, there are twelve basic tenses in English. This (17)_____ learners confused when they have to use these tenses correctly in different sentences. Others grammatical points, such as prepositions, reported speech, and the passive voice are not any less challenging.

Thirdly, a lot of learners find English pronunciation very confusing. Words (19)_____ have the same combination of letters may be pronounced differently. For instance, the "ou" in "rough" is not pronounced the same as that in "through".

Another problem is sentence stress. Stress we put on different words may lead to the difference in meaning.

In general, English vocabulary, grammar, and pronunciation may make learning it not an easy task.

15. A. in

B. of

C. for

D. on

16. A. hard

B. simple

C. easy

D. convenient

17. A. make

B. to make

C. making

D. makes

18. A. which

B. who

C. whose

D. why

- *Read the text about Tourism in Viet Nam and choose the letter (A, B, C or D) to indicate the best answer to each of the following questions.*

Landforms

The surface of Earth has different landforms, which differ in size and shape. They can be mountains, valleys, deserts, dunes, or plateaus.

Mountains are formed as a result of earthquakes, volcanic eruptions, and tectonic movements. Valleys, which can be V-shaped or U-shaped, are low-lying areas between mountains and hills. Deserts are dry areas which have very little rainfall and the daytime temperature is very high. Dunes are small hills made up of sand. They are created from the flow of the water. Plateaus are flat areas and highlands, which are separated from their surroundings.

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Bodies of Water

Bodies of water include oceans, seas, lakes, rivers, streams, and glaciers. Water bodies form the largest habitats on Earth, providing huge living spaces for marine life.

There are five oceans and seven seas and these bodies of water are salty, but most rivers, streams, and lakes have fresh water.

Glaciers are the frozen bodies of water, which cover almost 10% of Earth's land area, and are sources of fresh water on Earth.

Bodies of water on Earth also provide sources of water, food, medicines, and energy to humans. They help maintain biodiversity and play an important role in transportation.

19. Which of the following is a type of landform?

- A. ocean B. valley C. river D. sea

20. The landforms _____.

- A. are similar in shape and size. B. are different in shape and size.
C. have the same shape but different size. D. are identical in both size and shape.

21. Bodies of water include _____.

- A. oceans and valleys. B. frozen bodies of water and dunes.
C. salty and fresh bodies of water. D. plateaus and fresh bodies of water.

22. Which of the following statements is **TRUE** according to the passage?

- A. Bodies of water destroy biodiversity.
B. Bodies of water have no role in transportation.
C. Bodies of water are not habitats.
D. Bodies of water help maintain biodiversity and support transportation.

- Look at the signs and choose the letter (A, B, C or D) to indicate the best answer to each of the following questions.

23. What should you do?



- A. Use only the water you need.
B. Leave the tap running .
C. Swim in the river now.
D. No loud music or noise is allowed in this area.

24. What does the label say about the touchscreen?

If you take this journey regularly, you can save money with our super quickly saver ticket.

- A. You need a special type of ticket if you travel regularly.
B. Cheaper tickets are available for people who travel often.
C. The Super quickly saver ticket can help all travellers save money.
D. Cheaper tickets are available for everyone in this journey.

III. WRITING: (2,0 pts)

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 • Complete each sentence using the correct form of the word in brackets.

25. We can keep a(n) _____ balance by stopping hunting and cutting down trees .
(ECOLOGY)

26. The new student is a recent _____ to the US from Germany. **(immigrate)**

• Rewrite the sentences using the word in brackets as long as its meaning stays the same as the original one.

27. Jane can speak both Vietnamese and English perfectly. **(bilingual)**

→ Jane _____.

28. Mount Fuji is a dormant volcano in Japan. It's a popular destination for hikers. **(which)**

→ Mount Fuji , _____.

29. Emily: "Will you attend the school reunion next month, Mark?" **(if)**

Emily _____.

30. The restaurant serves very tasty food. Its chef is highly skilled. **(whose)**

→ The restaurant _____.

• Write a complete sentence using the given cues.

31. My teacher/ wondered/I/ look/ that word/ the dictionary.

→ _____

32. The Grand Canyon/ located/ Arizona/ one/ breathtaking/ natural wonder/ Earth

→ _____.

33. Singlish/ kind of/ English/ which/ is used/ informally/ this country.

→ _____.

34. Her mother/ asked/ she want/ pursue/ career/ in engineering.

→ _____.

IV. LISTENING: (1,6 pts)

• Part 1: Listen to a talk about a boy's trip to Cuc Phuong National Park. Then decide whether each statement is TRUE (T) or FALSE (F).

	T	F
35. The speaker saw a threatened plant in Cuc Phuong.		
36. Deforestation doesn't affect the food chain of some animals in the park.		
37. The speaker visited a garden where some plants are used as medicine		
38. The boy wants to be a biologist in the future		

• Part 2: Listen to Trang talking. Then fill each gap with **NO MORE THAN TWO WORDS**.

Reading English books : guessing the (39) _____.

Using a good dictionary: - checking the meaning and (40) _____.

Using a vocabulary notebook: copying all (41) _____ into a notebook.

Speaking in English: - trying to use the words learnt and (42) _____ more new words.

V. SPEAKING: (1,6 pts)

--- THE END---

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